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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/811,432	03/20/2001	Klaus Muller	732/000035	1490	
26474 75	12/17/2003		EXAMINER		
KEIL & WEINKAUF			FERGUSON, LAWRENCE D		
WASHINGTO	TICUT AVENUE, N.W. N. DC 20036		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	•		1774	11	
			DATE MAILED: 12/17/2003	DATE MAILED: 12/17/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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as to the merits is						
.85(a). ee 37 CFR 1.121(d). form PTO-152.						
Iational Stage						
ovisional application) dication Data Sheet.						

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
-	09/811,432	MULLER ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Lawrence D Ferguson	1774					
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a i - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDOI	timely filed lays will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14	October 2003.						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims		,					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,5 and 6</u> is/are pending in the app	lication.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,5 and 6</u> is/are rejected.)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,5 and 6</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami	iner.	•					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to t	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Office	ce Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a left of the since a specific reference was included in the 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language professional Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome reference was included in the first sentence of Attachment(s)	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applicationity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). ist of the certified copies not receivestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 first sentence of the specification provisional application has been restic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 12	eation No ived in this National Stage ved. 9(e) (to a provisional application) or in an Application Data Sheet. eceived. 20 and/or 121 since a specific					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) T Interview Summa	ıry (PTO-413) Paper No(s)					
 7) ☐ Notice of Preferences Orted (1 10-032) 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s 	5) Notice of Informa	I Patent Application (PTO-152)					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 11-03)

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This action is in response to the amendment mailed October 14, 2003.

Claim 4 was cancelled and claim 1 was amended, rendering claims 1 and 5-6, with claims 12-13 withdrawn as a non-elected invention.

Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 103(a)

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1 and 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nicholas et al (U.S. 3,668,034) in view of Vinod (U.S. 5,965,232) for reasons previously stated in the Office Action submitted on October 14, 2003. Regarding the newly added limitation to claim 1, 'intermediate layer comprising thermoplastic,' Nicholas shows the intermediate bonding layer can be any thermoplastic material (column 2, lines 39-40).

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Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments to rejection made under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nicholas et al (U.S. 3,668,034) in view of Vinod (U.S. 5,965,232) have been considered but are found unpersuasive. Applicant argues Nicholas is utilized in very broad and general terms and points to the various embodiments of the Nicholas reference. Applicant shows the metallized film of Nicholas comprises a polyester film made of polyethyleneterephthalate (column 2,lines 29-30). Applicant seeks to narrow the scope of the Nicholas reference by ignoring that Nicholas discloses Nicholas discloses a layered material comprising a backing layer formed of thermoplastic (abstract, column 2, line 5 and column 2, lines 62-64). Applicant points to an embodiment of the disclosure teaching the intermediate layer to comprise vinyl polymers. Nicholas shows the intermediate bonding layer can be any thermoplastic material (column 2, lines 39-40). Applicant further argues the substrate layer of Nicholas does not disclose propylene homopolymer and pertains mainly to thermoplastic vinyl polymers. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). Vinod teaches a layered composite material comprising a decorative layer, intermediate layer and lower layer coated with a protective coating (column 1, lines 39-41) where the coating is heat cured (column 5, lines 13-14) and the lower and

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intermediate layers are made of polypropylene (column 7, lines 11-18). Applicant argues Nicholas does not disclose an intermediate layer comprising a non-woven composed of a polypropylene prepared in presence of a metallocene catalyst arranged thereupon. This argument is moot because Applicant has removed this claim limitation from instant claim 1. Applicant argues Nicholas does not disclose a decorative layer comprising a chromed metal layer. Examiner respectfully disagrees with this argument because Nicholas discloses the metallized film is made of chrome (column 1, line 41). Applicant argues Nicholas does not disclose a heat-cured layer. Examiner maintains that one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. Although Nicholas does not disclose a heat-cured layer, Vinod teaches a layered composite material comprising a decorative layer, intermediate layer and lower layer coated with a protective coating (column 1, lines 39-41) where the coating is heat cured (column 5, lines 13-14). Applicants argue the structure of the floor covering described by Vinod, which is carpet (column 1, line 20) differs essentially from the layered composite material of the instant invention. This is not true because the claimed invention is directed to a layered composite material, as Vinod is directed to a layered composite material comprising a decorative layer, intermediate layer and lower layer coated with a protective coating (column 1, lines 39-41) where the coating is heat cured (column 5, lines 13-14) and the lower and intermediate layers are made of polypropylene (column 7, lines 11-18). Furthermore, Applicant looks to the background of the invention which teaches conventional floor coverings such as carpets and vinyl flooring (column 1, lines 20-21).

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Vinod's invention is directed to a layered composite material, which is taught in column 1, lines 39-47). Applicant argues the inventors of the present invention felt that is was not obvious to replace all known materials from Nicholas layered material by polypropylene. The opinion of the inventors is greatly appreciated; however, Applicant offers no support or evidence as to how or why the instant combination of Nicholas and Vinod is unobvious.

Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lawrence Ferguson whose telephone number is (703) 305-9978. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30 AM – 4:30PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelly can be reached on (703) 308-0449. Please allow the examiner twenty-four hours to return your call.

The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-2351.

Lawrence D. Ferguson

Examiner Art Unit 1774 CHH Kel